

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Chapter 5 Section 1 - Geography and Early India

Key Terms:

1. Subcontinent - \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Monsoons - \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Sanskrit - \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

### Geography of India

#### **Landforms and Rivers**

4. Why do many geographers call India a subcontinent?

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Climate**

5. India's climate is mostly \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

6. India's climate is influenced heavily by \_\_\_\_\_.

7. Wet monsoons come to India in the \_\_\_\_\_ season. In the \_\_\_\_\_ season, winds blow down from the mountains causing India to be \_\_\_\_\_.

#### Harappan civilization

8. The Harappan civilization was located in the \_\_\_\_\_.

9. As \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ improved the civilization also grew larger.

10. Farmers produced \_\_\_\_\_ of food and \_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_ appeared.

#### **India's First Cities**

11. The two cities of the Indus Valley are called \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

12. Describe Harappa and Mohenjo Daro

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

**Harappan Achievements**

13. List the Harappan achievements

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

14. Why do historians know little about the Harappan civilization? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

15. Why did the Harappan civilization end? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Aryan Invasion**

16. Who were the Aryans? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Invaders from the West**

17. What are the Vedas? \_\_\_\_\_

18. The Aryans were skilled warriors that used \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ to conquer new territory.

19. By the year 1200 BC, Aryans had \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

20. Why are the Vedas significant to historians? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Aryan Government and Society**

21. The Aryans were \_\_\_\_\_.

Over time, they settled in \_\_\_\_\_.

22. The Aryan political System:

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

23. Aryans believed that the most important thing in life was \_\_\_\_\_.

We know this because \_\_\_\_\_.

24. Why did the Aryans abandon their nomadic lifestyle? \_\_\_\_\_.

**Aryan Language**

25. The most important Ancient Indian Language is \_\_\_\_\_.

At first, Sanskrit was only a \_\_\_\_\_ language, but eventually it was \_\_\_\_\_.

**List The Four Main Ideas of Chapter 5 Section 2**

#1. \_\_\_\_\_

#2. \_\_\_\_\_

#3. \_\_\_\_\_

#4. \_\_\_\_\_

1. Groups were organized by people's \_\_\_\_\_

Define Varnas: \_\_\_\_\_

What were the four Varnas?

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

2. Varnas were eventually divided in \_\_\_\_\_. Castes determined a person's

\_\_\_\_\_.

3. \_\_\_\_\_ did not belong to any caste at all. They had undesirable

jobs and were considered \_\_\_\_\_. People from other castes were

\_\_\_\_\_.

4. What was the relationship between the Vedic texts and the Vedas? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Hindu Beliefs**

5. \_\_\_\_\_ led to the development of Hinduism.

6. Hindus believe that all of their gods are part of a universal spirit called \_\_\_\_\_.

**Life and Rebirth**

7. Hindu teaching believe that everyone has a soul or \_\_\_\_\_.

8. Hindus believe that a person's ultimate goal should be to \_\_\_\_\_.

9. Hindus believe that the soul is \_\_\_\_\_.

10. According to Hindus, people are \_\_\_\_\_ into a new physical form.

The form one is born into depends on one's \_\_\_\_\_.

11. People with good karma were \_\_\_\_\_.

12. Hinduism taught that women were \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_.

**Jains React to Hinduism**

13. Some people did not believe in Hinduism. One group was the \_\_\_\_\_, believers in

a religion called \_\_\_\_\_.

14. Jains try to live by four principles:

a. \_\_\_\_\_ c. \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_\_\_ d. \_\_\_\_\_

15. The idea of nonviolence or \_\_\_\_\_ was based on the idea that everything is

\_\_\_\_\_.

**Chapter 5 Section 3 Origins of Buddhism**

**Siddhartha's Search for Wisdom**

The quest for answers and The Buddha Finds Enlightenment

Siddhartha's story - pgs. 136-137

Siddhartha Gautama was born in \_\_\_\_\_ in the year \_\_\_\_\_

He was a \_\_\_\_\_ and grew up in luxury. He was a member of the \_\_\_\_\_, the \_\_\_\_\_ class. He saw how hard other people had to work and how much they \_\_\_\_\_.

He began to ask questions about \_\_\_\_\_

Before he reached age \_\_\_\_\_, he left home and traveled to find \_\_\_\_\_.

He had discussions with \_\_\_\_\_ and people known for \_\_\_\_\_.

He wandered for years. He did not even \_\_\_\_\_ himself.

He started \_\_\_\_\_, going without food, and \_\_\_\_\_

focusing of the mind and spiritual ideas.

According to legend, Siddhartha spent \_\_\_\_\_ wandering through India.

He eventually came to \_\_\_\_\_ near the \_\_\_\_\_ River.

After seven weeks of \_\_\_\_\_, he had the answers he had been looking for.

He realized that human suffering comes from three things:

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

He meditated under the \_\_\_\_\_. Siddhartha was \_\_\_\_\_ years old

when he found \_\_\_\_\_ under the tree. He was then called \_\_\_\_\_

meaning “\_\_\_\_\_” Buddha spent the rest of his life traveling across

\_\_\_\_\_ and teaching his ideas.

1. Siddhartha Gautama most wanted to eliminate \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Four Guided Principles:

- a. \_\_\_\_\_
- b. \_\_\_\_\_
- c. \_\_\_\_\_
- d. \_\_\_\_\_

1. List the Eight Fold Path

a. \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_\_\_

c. \_\_\_\_\_

d. \_\_\_\_\_

e. \_\_\_\_\_

f. \_\_\_\_\_

g. \_\_\_\_\_

h. \_\_\_\_\_

2. What caused so many people from lower social classes to support the Buddha's teachings?

\_\_\_\_\_

**Buddhism Spreads**

3. Following Buddha's death his followers gathered to \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Buddhism spread quickly because the ideas were \_\_\_\_\_.

5. The spread of Buddhism increased when \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

6. Asoka sent \_\_\_\_\_, people who worked to spread religious beliefs.

7. What is the difference between Theravada Buddhism and Mahayana Buddhism?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## Chapter 5 Section 5 - Indian Achievements

DEFINE:

Metallurgy - \_\_\_\_\_

Alloys- \_\_\_\_\_

Hindu- \_\_\_\_\_

Inoculation- \_\_\_\_\_

Astronomy- \_\_\_\_\_

### Indian Achievements

1. Over time the Hindu temples became \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Early \_\_\_\_\_ temples were small(1-2 rooms). They were made of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Gupta temples were \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Buddhist Temples of Gupta were \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The most famous Buddhist cave temple is located at \_\_\_\_\_.
6. The \_\_\_\_\_ had some roofs and housed sacred items from the life of Buddha.
7. Many of the finest paintings of Ancient India are found in \_\_\_\_\_ This tells that \_\_\_\_\_.
8. The two greatest Sanskrit writing were the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Which Indian piece of literature contains the passages called the Bhagavad Gita? the \_\_\_\_\_

Essay:

In one paragraph, tell about some of the major accomplishments of the Gupta period?